## Amendments to the Claims:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

## **Listing of Claims:**

Claims 1-12. (Cancelled)

Claim 13. (Withdrawn, currently amended) A dietary ingredient comprising at least one edible lipid, wherein said lipid does not inhibit mineral absorption, and/or enhances mineral absorption and intake, and wherein said lipid is selected from the group consisting of chemically or enzymatically synthesized synthetic oils, particularly glyceride-based lipids with over 50% of mono- or polyunsaturated fatty acids at positions sn-1 and sn-3 of the glycerol backbone, vegetable- and plant-derived, preferably flax and canola oils, short and medium chains lipids, preferably MCT and oils mimicking the triglyceride composition of human mother's milk fat, for use in the preparation of a food article for infants and/or children.

Claim 14. (Withdrawn) The dietary ingredient of claim 13, wherein said lipid is a mimetic of human mother's milk fat.

Claim 15. (Withdrawn) The dietary ingredient of claim 13, wherein said minerals are selected from the group consisting of calcium, magnesium, iron and other divalent minerals.

Claim 16. (Withdrawn) The dietary ingredient of claim 13, further comprising at least one of edible additives, emulsifiers or carriers.

Claim 17. (Withdrawn) The dietary ingredient of claim 13, for use as an agent in the enhancement of calcium absorption.

- Claim 18. (Withdrawn) The dietary ingredient of claim 13, for use as an agent in the prevention and/or treatment of disorders associated with depletion of bone calcium and/or depletion of bone density.
- Claim 19. (Withdrawn) The dietary ingredient of claim 18, for use as an agent in the prevention and/or treatment of osteoporosis.
- Claim 20. (Withdrawn) The dietary ingredient of claim 13, for use as an agent in the enhancement of bone formation and bone mass maximization.
- Claim 21. (Withdrawn) The dietary ingredient of claim 20, for use as an agent in the enhancement of bone formation in infants and young children.
- Claim 22. (Withdrawn) The dietary ingredient of claim 13, for use as an agent in the enhancement of energy intake by infants and children.
- Claim 23. (Withdrawn) A food article comprising the dietary ingredient of claim 13.
- Claim 24. (Withdrawn) The food article of claim 23, wherein said food article is selected from the group consisting of infant food, children food, bakery products, including bread, particularly biscuits and pastries, dairy products, including milk and dairy drinks, ice cream, cereal products, sauces, spreads, including margarine, oils and fats, soy products, meat products, fried food products, confectionery products, candy bars, candies and chocolates, snacks, drinks and shakes, instant drink products, prepared foods for infants and young children and for adults, including prepared cooked mashed vegetables and/or fruits, condiment products.
- Claim 25. (Currently Amended) A method of enhancing dietary calcium absorption, bone formation and bone mass maximization, in a <u>non-infant</u> child or adult subject in

need, said method comprising administering to said subject an effective amount of a dietary ingredient food article, excluding infant formula, wherein said food article comprises comprising at least one edible lipid, wherein said lipid that does not inhibit calcium absorption, and/or enhances calcium absorption and intake, and wherein said lipid is selected from the group consisting of chemically or enzymatically synthesized vegetable- and plant-derived synthetic oils, being glyceride-based lipids with over 50% of mono- or polyunsaturated fatty acids at positions sn-1 and sn-3 and a high level of palmitic acid at position sn-2 of the glycerol backbone, or a food article comprising the same.

Claim 26. (Withdrawn, currently amended) A method of enhancing bone formation and bone mass maximization, said method comprising administering to a subject in need an effective amount of a dietary ingredient comprising at least one edible lipid, wherein said lipid does not inhibit mineral absorption, and/or enhances mineral absorption and intake, and wherein said lipid is selected from the group consisting of chemically or enzymatically synthesized synthetic oils, particularly glyceride-based lipids with over 50% of mono- or polyunsaturated fatty acids at positions sn-1 and sn-3 of the glycerol backbone, vegetable- and plant- derived, preferably flax and canola oils, short and medium chains lipids, preferably MCT and oils mimicking the triglyceride composition of human mother's milk fat.

Claim 27. (Withdrawn, currently amended) A method of enhancing bone formation in children, said method comprising administering to a subject in need an effective amount of a dietary ingredient comprising at least one edible lipid, wherein said lipid does not inhibit mineral absorption, and/or enhances mineral absorption and intake, and wherein said lipid is selected from the group consisting of chemically or enzymatically synthesized synthetic oils, particularly glyceride-based lipids with over 50% of mono- or polyunsaturated fatty acids at positions sn-1 and sn-3 of the glycerol backbone, vegetable- and plant- derived, preferably flax and canola oils, short and medium chains lipids, preferably MCT and oils mimicking the triglyceride composition of human

Appl. No. 10/576,239 Amendment Dated May 5, 2010 Reply to Office Action of January 5, 2010

mother's milk fat.

Claim 28. (Withdrawn, currently amended) A method of prevention and/or treatment

of disorders associated with one of depletion of bone calcium and depletion of bone

density, said method comprising administering to a subject in need an effective amount

of a dietary ingredient comprising at least one edible lipid, wherein said lipid does not

inhibit mineral absorption, and/or enhances mineral absorption and intake, and wherein

said lipid is selected from the group consisting of chemically or enzymatically

synthesized synthetic oils, particularly glyceride-based lipids with over 50% of mono- or

polyunsaturated fatty acids at positions sn-1 and sn-3 of the glycerol backbone,

vegetable- and plant- derived, preferably flax and canola oils, short and medium chains

lipids, preferably MCT and oils mimicking the triglyceride composition of human

mother's milk fat.

Claim 29. (Withdrawn, currently amended) A method of prevention and/or treatment

of osteoporosis, said method comprising administering to a subject in need an effective

amount of a dietary ingredient comprising at least one edible lipid, wherein said lipid

does not inhibit mineral absorption, and/or enhances mineral absorption and intake, and

wherein said lipid is selected from the group consisting of chemically or enzymatically

synthesized synthetic oils, particularly glyceride-based lipids with over 50% of mono- or

polyunsaturated fatty acids at positions sn-1 and sn-3 of the glycerol backbone,

vegetable- and plant- derived, preferably flax and canola oils, short and medium chains

lipids, preferably MCT and oils mimicking the triglyceride composition of human

mother's milk fat.

Claim 30. (Withdrawn, currently amended) A method of enhancing energy intake by

infants and children, said method comprising administering to a subject in need an

effective amount of a dietary ingredient comprising at least one edible lipid, wherein said

lipid does not inhibit mineral absorption, and/or enhances mineral absorption and intake,

and wherein said lipid is selected from the group consisting of chemically or

Page 5 of 12

enzymatically synthesized synthetic oils, particularly glyceride-based lipids with over

50% of mono- or polyunsaturated fatty acids at positions sn-1 and sn-3 of the glycerol

backbone, vegetable- and plant- derived, preferably flax and canola oils, short and

medium chains lipids, preferably MCT and oils mimicking the triglyceride composition of

human mother's milk fat.

Claim 31. (Canceled)

Claim 32. (Currently amended) The method of claim 25, wherein said food article

administered is selected from the group consisting of non-infant children's food, bakery

products, dairy products, ice cream, cereal products, sauces, spreads, oils and fats, soy

products, meat products, fried food products, confectionery products, candy bars,

candies and chocolates, snacks, drinks and shakes, instant drink products, prepared

foods for young non-infant children and for adults, and condiment products.

Claim 33. (Currently amended) The method of claim 32 31, wherein said food article

further comprises calcium and dietary ingredient administered is a calcium supplement,

said <u>administration</u> <del>administering</del> thereby supplementing said subject with calcium.

Claim 34. (Currently amended) The method of claim 32 34, wherein said edible lipid

administered replaces unhealthy oils and fats characterized by a relatively high degree

of fatty acid saturation at the sn-1 and sn-3 positions present in diets of non-infant

young children, adolescents, and young people.

Claim 35. (Withdrawn, currently amended) A method for preparing a dietary calcium

supplement for enhancing calcium absorption, bone formation, and bone mass

maximization in non-infant children or adults wherein said method includes admixing an

enzymatically synthesized glyceride-based lipid with over 50% of mono- and

polyunsaturated fatty acids at positions sn-1 and sn-3 of a glycerol backbone and a high

level of palmitic acid at position sn-2 of the glycerol backbone with calcium and at least

Page 6 of 12

Appl. No. 10/576,239

Amendment Dated May 5, 2010

Reply to Office Action of January 5, 2010

one of additives, emulsifiers, or carriers.

Claim 36. (Previously presented) The method of claim 25, wherein said edible lipid

administered is a glyceride-based lipid with over 50% of mono- or polyunsaturated fatty

acids at positions sn-1 and sn-3 of a glycerol backbone and a high level of palmitic acid

at position sn-2 of the glycerol backbone which during digestion does not generate or

generates in very small amounts indigestible calcium complexes.

37. (Previously presented) The method of claim 25, wherein said plant-derived oil is

flax oil or canola oil.

38. (Previously presented) The method of claim 32, wherein said bakery product is

any one of bread, biscuits and pastries.

39. (Previously presented) The method of claim 32, wherein said dairy product is

any one of milk and dairy drinks.

40. (Canceled)

41. (New) The method of claim 33, wherein said lipid ingredient serves as a carrier

for calcium.

Page 7 of 12